

① Break the rules of etiquette and seat the men first: $6!$
 That gives 7 available spots: $P(7,3) = 7!/4!$

Product rule says $6! \cdot 7! / 4! = 151200$

At a round table with men only, division rule gives $\frac{6!}{6} = 5!$

With 6 available spots for women: $5! \cdot P(6,3) = 5! \cdot 6! / 3! = 14400$

Now we have 9 spots for the 1st couple, so we get

$14400 \cdot P(9,2) = 14400 \cdot 9! / 7! = 1036800$

② 7 with 4: $n=4, k=7-n=3: \binom{4+3-1}{3} 6^{-4} = 20 \cdot 6^{-4} = \frac{5}{324} = .015432\dots$

5 with 3: $\binom{3+2-1}{2} 6^{-3} = 6^{-2} = .0277\dots$

③ Let E denote "hair loss" and F spam.

Then $p(F) = .65, p(\bar{F}) = .35, p(E|F) = .2, p(E|\bar{F}) = .01$

By Bayes theorem $p(F|E) = \frac{p(E|F)p(F)}{p(E|F)p(F) + p(E|\bar{F})p(\bar{F})}$

$= \frac{.2 \cdot .65}{.2 \cdot .65 + .01 \cdot .35} = .97378\dots = 97.4\%$

④ $\mu=10, \sigma=3$ $\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\mu-2}^{\mu+2} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} dx = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_8^{12} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-10}{3}\right)^2} dx$

Let $z = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma} = \frac{x-10}{3}$, then $dz = \frac{dx}{3}$, so we get $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-2/3}^{2/3} e^{-z^2/2} dz =$ ← even function

$2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^{2/3} e^{-z^2/2} dz = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \Big|_0^{2/3} = \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}\right) = .4950\dots$
erf(0) = 0 →