

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{b) } \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & : & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & : & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 & : & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_2 - 2r_1 \\ r_3 - 4r_1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & : & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & -3 & : & -2 \\ 0 & -12 & -5 & : & -7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} -\frac{1}{5}r_2 \\ r_3 + 12(\text{new } r_2) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & : & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3/5 & : & 2/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 11/5 & : & -11/5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 - 2(\text{new } r_2) \\ r_2 - \frac{3}{5}(\text{new } r_2) \\ \frac{5}{11}r_3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & : & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} r_1 - 3r_2 \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & : & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{x_1 = 0, x_2 = 1, x_3 = -1}$$

$$\text{c) } \det = -5 \cdot \frac{11}{5} = \boxed{-11}$$

$$(2) a) A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 5-\lambda & 6 \\ 3 & 2-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

set $\det(A - \lambda I) = 0$, solve for λ

$$(5-\lambda)(2-\lambda) - 3 \cdot 6 = 0$$

$$10 - 7\lambda + \lambda^2 - 18 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 7\lambda - 8 = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 8)(\lambda + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = 8 \text{ or } -1$$

$$b) \lambda = 8 \quad A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 6 \\ 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{G.J.}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x - 2y = 0$$

$$\text{Eigenvector: } \vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

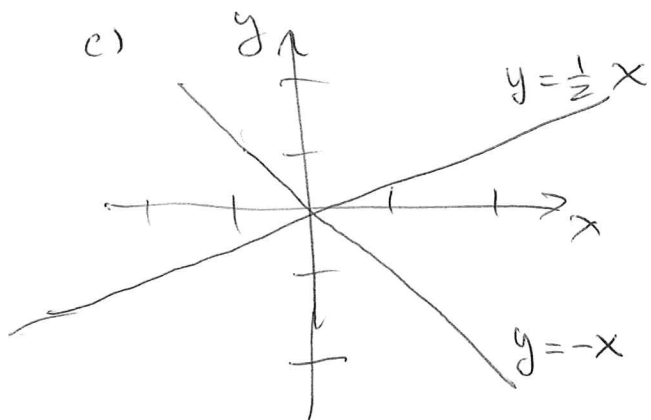
$$\text{Eigenspace } y = \frac{1}{2}x \\ (= \text{Span}(\vec{v}))$$

$$\lambda = -1 \quad A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{G.J.}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x + y = 0$$

$$\text{Eigenvector: } \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Eigenspace } y = -x$$



stretch by a factor of 8
along $[2, 1]$,
flip along $[1, -1]$

③ a) $P(12, 12) = 12! = 479\,001\,600$

b) $12! / 12 = 11! = 39\,916\,800$

c) $11! \cdot \underbrace{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10}_{P(12, 3)} = 50\,690\,176\,000$

d) $(n-1)! P(n, m) = (n-1)! \frac{n!}{(n-m)!}$

④ $C(3+4-1, 4) = C(6, 4) = C(6, 2) = \frac{6 \cdot 5}{2} = 15$

$7 = 5+1+1$ 3

$7 = 4+2+1$ 3! = 6

$7 = 3+2+2$ 3

$7 = 3+3+1$ 3

$\frac{3+6+3+3}{15}$ ☺

Total = $6^3 = 216$

Prob. = $\frac{15}{216} = \frac{5}{72} \approx 0.07$

⑤ $E = \text{lager}, \bar{E} = \text{ale}$

$F = \text{office}, \bar{F} = \text{penguin}$

$P(F) = \frac{1}{3}, P(\bar{F}) = \frac{2}{3}$ $P(\bar{E}) = 2P(F)$

$P(E|F) = \frac{1}{2}, P(\bar{E}|F) = \frac{1}{2}$ $P(\bar{E}) + P(E) = 1 \rightarrow 2P(F) + P(E) = 1$

$P(E|\bar{F}) = \frac{1}{4}, P(\bar{E}|\bar{F}) = \frac{3}{4}$ $3P(F) = 1$

$P(F) = \frac{1}{3}$

$P(\bar{F}) = \frac{2}{3}$

$P(F|E) = \frac{P(E|F)P(F)}{P(E|F)P(F) + P(E|\bar{F})P(\bar{F})} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{2}$

⑥ let $z = \frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}$ Bounds: $x = \mu \pm 1, x-\mu = \pm 1, z = \pm \frac{1}{\sigma}$

$P(-\frac{1}{2} \leq z \leq \frac{1}{2}) = 2P(0 \leq z \leq \frac{1}{2}) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \text{erf}(\frac{1/2}{\sqrt{2}})$ $z = \pm \frac{1}{2}$

By symmetry of $e^{-z^2/2}$ (even)

$= \text{erf}(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}})$