Name: $\qquad$

Please show all work.

1. Suppose $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is a function and let $F: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^{2}$ be the function defined by $F(x)=$ $[x, f(x)]$. Prove that $F$ is injective, but not surjective. Find a one-sided inverse for $F$ (with proof). Show that it is not unique.
Note: The image of $F$ is known as the graph of $y=f(x)$.
2. Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a function and for $x, x^{\prime} \in X$ define $x \sim x^{\prime} \Leftrightarrow f(x)=f\left(x^{\prime}\right)$. Prove $\sim$ is an equivalence relation on $X$. Describe the equivalence classes for the case when $f$ is injective. Same for when $f$ is constant. Same for $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ given by $f(x)=x^{2}$.
3. Prove that a nonempty finite linearly ordered set has a minimum.

Hint: Induction on the size of the set.
4. Let $S=\left\{x \in \mathbf{Q}:(\exists n \in \mathbf{Z})\left[x=2^{n}\right]\right\}$. If they exist, what are $\max S$ and $\min S$ ? For $S$ as a subset of $\mathbf{Q}$, same question for $\sup S$ and $\inf S$. Prove your assertions about min and inf.
5. Show that a union of initial segments in $\mathbf{Q}$ is an initial segment. Give a concrete example of a collection of Dedekind cuts, whose union is not a Dedekind cut.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | total (50) | \% |
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| Prelim. course grade: |  |  |  |  | $\%$ |  |

