Name: $\qquad$
Please show all work.

1. Let $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3\end{array}\right], b=\left[\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right]$.
(a) Find all solutions to $A x=b$. Sketch/describe the solution set.
(b) Can you expect some solutions to $A x=b$ for any $b$ ? Explain.
2. Suppose $A$ is a $3 \times 2$ matrix with trivial kernel.
(a) Given a vector $b$, what are all the possibilities for the number of solutions to $A x=b$ ? Explain.
(b) Give concrete examples of $A$ and $b$ that match your predictions above.
3. Let $T: \mathbf{R}^{2} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^{2}$ be orthogonal projection to the main diagonal (graph of $y=x$ ) in $\mathbf{R}^{2}$.
(a) Find a matrix $A$ such that $T(\mathbf{x})=A \mathbf{x}$ for all $\mathbf{x}$ in $\mathbf{R}^{2}$.
(b) Express the kernel and the image of $T$ as spans of vectors. Sketch.
4. Suppose $T: \mathbf{R}^{2} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ is a linear map. Let $a=T\left(2 \mathbf{e}_{1}+3 \mathbf{e}_{2}\right), b=T\left(3 \mathbf{e}_{1}+4 \mathbf{e}_{2}\right)$, where $\mathbf{e}_{1}, \mathbf{e}_{2}$ is the standard basis for $\mathbf{R}^{2}$. Find a matrix $A$, in terms of $a$ and $b$, such that $T(\mathbf{x})=A \mathbf{x}$ for all $\mathbf{x}$ in $\mathbf{R}^{2}$.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | total (40) |
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