

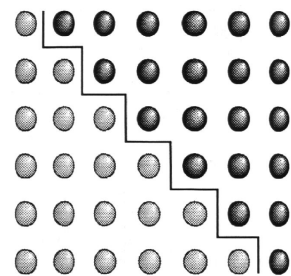
$$k \quad \sum_{i=1}^n i^k$$

$$0 \quad n$$

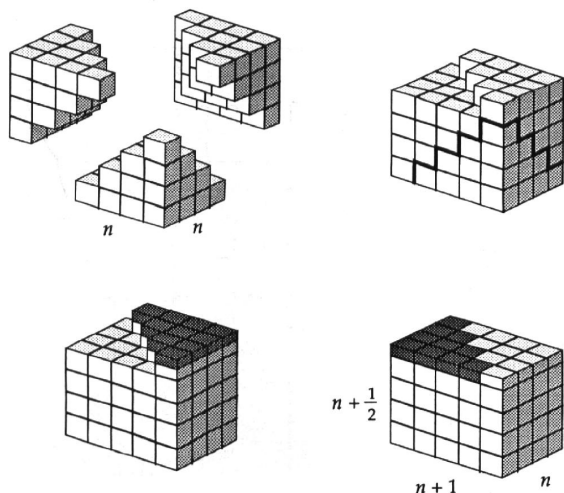
$$1 \quad \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$$

$$2 \quad \frac{1}{6}n(n+1)(2n+1)$$

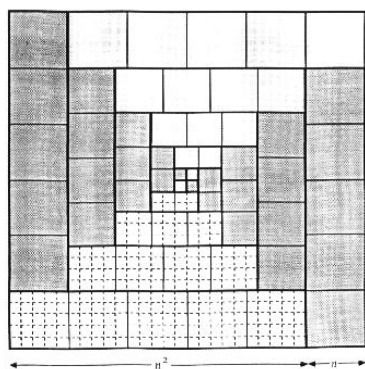
$$3 \quad \frac{1}{4}n^2(n+1)^2$$



$1 + 2 + \dots + n = \frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$
— Ancient Greeks



$1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{1}{3}n(n+1)(n+\frac{1}{2})$
— Man-Keung Siu



$1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + n^3 = \frac{1}{4}[n(n+1)]^2$
— Antonella Cupillari, Warren Lushbaugh